





## What is Goal Attainment Scaling?

Goal Attainment Scaling (GAS) involves working with your health care provider to set goals for the person for whom you care.

This allows you to monitor any changes in their symptoms or challenges over time.

## How will I set goals and follow them for this study?

- To start, you and your health care provider will identify three or more goals to follow over the next few months.
- For each goal, you and your health care provider will work together to develop a 5-point scale of possible better and worse scenarios related to each goal.
- At follow-up visits, you will give your study team a
  description of how the person you care for is now based on
  each goal and you will rate what level on the scale best
  matches how things have been going at that visit.

## How do I identify a goal?

- Think about symptoms or challenges that are important and meaningful to you and the person you care for. What might you hope to see improve?
- Think about the most important symptoms or challenges that they experience day to day. Think, too, about any changes you have noticed over the last few months that are concerning.

At right, see some common dementia-related symptoms and challenges that other caregivers have identified in adults living with Down syndrome.

You can choose symptoms or challenges shown on the menu or identify a new one.

Aggression Anxiety & Worry Delusions & Paranoia **Emotional Upset** Hallucinations Inappropriate Behavior Inappropriate Language Irritability & Frustration Low Mood & Self-Esteem Repetitive or Obsessive Behavior Resisting & Refusing Restlessness Shadowing Wandering Attention & Concentration Comprehension Conversations Disorientation to Place Disorientation to Time General Memory Language Difficulty Memory for Names & Faces Memory of Past Events Memory of Recent Events Misplacing or Losing Objects Operating Devices & Appliances Problems using Phones Reading Repetitive Questions & Stories Writing Bathing Dressing Hobbies & Games Household Chores Independence Meal-Time Preparation & Activities Personal Care & Hygiene Shopping Travel & Transportation Vocational (Work) **Decision Making** Following Instructions Interacting with Others Interest & Initiative Judgment & Unsafe Actions Personality Changes Relationships Self-Awareness & Insight Social Interaction & Withdrawal

Spirituality & Religion

Thinking & Planning Eating & Drinking

Sleep Disturbances

Toileting & Incontinence

Mobility Physical Signs Sensory Input

Seizures